PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 10. PITTSBURGH, SEPTEMBER 2, 1817. Vol. XXXIII.

BOSLER & CO.

Have received and offer for sale on moderate term

94 barrels green Coffee,
8 tubs Swedish Steel,
Crowley millington and cast do.
Feathers,
Salipetre,
Muskrat Skins,
Buffalo Robes,
Machine Cards and Copperas
An assortment of British and American Hardware, amongst which are
Anvils and Vices, Spades and Shovels,
Fowling pieces, millsaws, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

Pig and bar Lead,
Shot from No. B. to 7,
Lead mineral for Potter's use,
Flint Glassware assorted in boxes,
Green do. do. in do.
Queensware assorted in crates,
Window Glass,
Birmingham brown and black ware assorted in boxes,
Trotter's Yellow ware in hogsheads,
Charleston Stone ware,
Pittsburgh Pipes in boxes,
Rosin barrels and kegs,
Cut Nails of all sizes,
English and Swedish Blister Steel,
American Crowley and blister do.
Writing, printing and letter paper,
Fullers and bonnet boards,
Tobacco and Cigars,
Linseed Oil and Spanish Brown,
Rappee and Scotch Snuff in kegs and bladders.

ALSO OF THEIR MANUFACTORY,

Coffee mills, Butt hinges, and Currycombs,
Norfolk Latches, Sash pullies, Steelyards,
Brass gun-mounting, Teakettle knobs
Still cocks, Rivets, Andirons,
A great variety of Stoves and Grates both for wood and coal,
Sheet Iron and Stove pipe,
Hatters, Taylors and smoothing Irons
Grist and Saw mill Irons
Waggon and Carriage boxes of all sixes, re
Scales Counter and Sash weights,
Tea-ketties, and Waffle irons,
Smith's Anvils and Mandrils,
Apple-mill Nuts,
Distillery boilers of different sizes
Bark Mills,
Pot ash and Salt Kettles of any size,
Hatters, Fullers and soap Boilers,
Fuller's and Hatter's Plates,
Wind-mill Irons,
Dog Irons, mortars and pestlis
Swivels, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO ON HAND.....A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

IRON WARE,

SUCH AS

Axes—Hatchets—Traces—Augurs—Scale-beams etc. etc. etc.

Pittsburgh, January 7, 1817.

PROPOSALS

WILL be received at the Commissioners office of Allegheny county, until Monday the 1st day of Sept. next, for the erection of

A NEW JAIL,

in the city of Pittsburgh.

Separate proposals will be received for the

Stone work—by the perch,
Brick work—by the thousand,
Carpenter work—by measurement,
Iron work—by the pound.

The contractors finding all materials. A plan can be seen and all necessary information given, on application at the office, at any time after the 9th of June next.

ROBERT MAGEE,
R. HILANDS,
JOSEPH DAVIS.

Attest—J. M. RIDDLE, *Clk.*
Pittsburgh, June 3, 1817.

Valuable Real estate for sale.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of the late Col. RICHARD BROWN, deceased I NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

The Farm on which he resided,

On the Ohio River, in Holliday's Cove, in Brook County, Virginia.

This Estate consists of about 700 Acres of Land, 30 of which is a rich Island, the remainder principally second bottom and upland; that part of the upland which is not tillable, is covered with timber suitable for furnishing the Island and tillable part with fencing and building timber. There are between 150 and 200 acres cleared and under cultivation, a suitable proportion of which in good meadow land. The buildings consist in two large dwelling houses and a log barn with under story of stone. It is well supplied with very fine springs of good water.

The situation of this property on the Ohio River, three miles from the flourishing Town of Steubenville, and in the neighbourhood of several Merchant Mills, Iron Works, &c. renders it a desirable object to a person who would wish to farm extensively, as he would probably at all times find a good market at his door for the produce of the farm. A part of the purchase will be required in hand, and for the remainder a reasonable credit will be given.

BEZ. WELLS, *Executor.*

Steubenville, 5th July, 1816. tf

JAMES LAUBIE,

Diamond, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received, & has for sale, on the most reasonable terms,

Best Spanish Cigars by the box,
Raisins by the do,
Port Wine,
Madeira, do.
Teneriff,
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Cordials,
Dryed Fruits, &c.

December 17th, 1816.——1y

JAMES M'CAY.

At his Grocery Store on Water street between Market and Ferry streets offers for sale a quantity of

Common Cyder
Boiled Cyder
Cider Royal by the barrel.

Pittsburgh, July 1st 1817.——2mo.

JOHN ALSOP

(From Virginia.)

Having taken the large and commodious brick

Store and Warehouse,

belonging to Benjamin Morgan, offers to receive

Goods on Commission.

HIS knowledge of domestic produce, and experience of the markets of Orleans induces him to believe that he is enabled to give satisfaction to such persons as may be pleased to confide in him to transact their business.

REFERENCES.

New-Orleans—Beverly Chew, William Kenner, Wade Hampton.
Baltimore—John P. Pleasants, Alex. M'Kim.
Alexandria—Peter R. Beverly.
Fredericksburg, Va.—John Scot, Robt. Patton, Dr. R. Welford; David Henderson.
Caroline. Va.—John Taylor, Hazle Wood.
Bowling Green—John Holmes.
Port Royal Va.—William Gray, John Roy.
King George's county, Va.—John Talafero, Gustavus B. Wallace, Jno. Hooe, Warner Washington.
Culpepper—Samuel Washington.
Westmoreland county, Va.—John T. Hungerford.
Leed's town—Henry Lee.
Stratford—Daniel Carmichel, Mc'Kenzie Beverley.
Falmouth—Bazle Gordon, Samuel Gordon.

New-Orleans, 16, 1817.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

(*Market, between 3d and 4th streets.*)

Dry Goods, Wines, Groceries, and Hardware.

Summer Assortment.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that, he has formed partnership in business with Messrs. John nd Isaac Lea, of Philadelphia, to be conducted under the firm of

JOHN M'CLEAN & CO.

who are at present opening, and will be regularly supplied with, an extensive and excellent assortment of articles in the above line, which being purchased principally at *Auction* in Philadelphia, will be disposed of at a very small advance,

Wholesale and Retail,

For cash, *approved notes* or country produce, *only.*

JOHN M'CLEAN.

Pittsburgh, June 10, 1817.

LIME JUICE,

of a superior quality, for sale by

M'BERMOTT & BARTRAM,

MARKET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD-STREETS

who have on hand

IMPERIAL—Y. Hyson—Hyson—Hyson Skin—and Souchong

TEAS,

of a superior quality, and of the latest importations
Prime green Coffee, Loaf Sugar,
Lump ditto—Pepper, Allspice,
Ginger—Copperas,—Cinnamon,
Mustard, in bottles
English refined Salt-petre,
Chocolate—Rice—Spanish Cigars,
Holland Gin, 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
4th proof Cogniac Brandy,
Madeira and Lisbon WINE,

—ALSO—

An invoice of
MORROCCO SKINS,
which will be sold for first cost & carriage.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 29, 1817.

I. DOANE,

ON THE BANK, NEAR WOOD STREET,

Offers for sale,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware, Cutlery, and Ironmongery,

—LIKEWISE—

50 boxes Winsor Soap at 4, 50 per box, Cash,

and a few dozen of Waldron's Scythes.

Pittsburgh, July 25, 1817.

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

Abishai Way & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

At their Wholesale and Retail store, *In Market street.*

11 CASES

Domestic Dry Goods, which they offer FOR SALE by the piece or package—at low prices and long credit,

—Also—

PRIME MANUFACTURED TOBACCO BY THE KEG

Likewise on hand,

A very general assortment of

Dry Goods, Grocerics, etc.

Which they offer wholesale and retail, at reduced prices.

LINSEED OIL, | By the barrel.
COUNTRY SUGAR, |

and a few barrels of FLOUR, for sale, low.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 22——1awtf

TO BREWERS.

A BREWER of ability and experience is now disengaged and would be happy to meet with a situation as Brewer to any gentleman in want of such a person, he has been accustomed to the London mode of porter and ale brewing, and would make himself otherwise useful to his employer; if liberal encouragement would be given would have no objections going to any part of the Union. Satisfactory references will be given. A line adressed to J. T. care of Messrs. Armstrong & Ewing, Pittsburgh, will meet immediate attention.

Aug. 26.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted or having left watches with the subscriber, are requested to call on R. H. Patterson on the south side of the Monongahela river opposet Wood-street Pittsburgh, to receive and settle the same.

JOHN PATTERSON
Silversmith.

Aug. 26.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum,

WAS dissolved by mutual consent on the 23d of April, 1817. The accounts of the partnership will be settled by Cramer & Spear.

E. CRAMER.
JOHN SPEAR
WM. EICHBAUM, Jun.

Pittsburgh, July 11th, 1817.

New Orleans Sugar.

ORMSBY & DOANE.

Have for sale (just received) 18 bbls. N. O. Sugar, and a few bags of Feathers.

Pittsburgh, July 25th, 1817

WM. HILL.

AT HIS

Wholesale Ware-house,

Opposite Kerr's Hotel, in Market-stree

HAS FOR SALE,

1,200 Pair men's coarse shoes
Prime green Coffee, in bags
St. Domingo do. do.
Y. H. Tea, in chests
Allum, Copperas, Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Indigo and Brimstone, in kegs
Cloves, Nutmegs and Cinnamon
6d. 8d. and 10d. Nails
English Millington Crowly Steel
Spades and Shovels
Writing and Wrapping-paper
Kentucky Tobacco
Logwood
Country Linens and Thread in cuts and per lb.
Queens-ware in crates
Sickles

AN ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware, viz.

Knives and Forks—Butt-hinges—Wood-screws—Files—C. S. & German Hand-saws, &c. &c.

ALSO—AN ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS.

Pittsburgh, June 24.——2awtf

Late Importation.

—

WM. HILL,

AT HIS WHOLESALE WARE-HOUSE, OPPOSITE KERRS' HOTEL, IN MARKET-STREET, HAS JUST RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING FRESH GOODS, OF HIS OWN IMPORTATION, VIZ.

30 ps. olive velvet
30 blk. do.
30 Olive Genoa cords
30 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks
30 Cotton tickings
30 Printed marseilles waistcoating
40 Blk. and fancy colored bombazetts
50 Superfine undress'd prints
50 Do. dress'd do.
50 Superfine plate do.
50 4-4 a 6-4 cambrics
50 7-8 a 9-8 shirtings
40 Fancy ginghams
40 Dimities
16 4-4 a 6-4 cotton shawls
50 Doz. 3-4 a 4-4 Madrass hdkfs.
1 Case 180 doz. oz. thread
1 Do. 254 doz. Holland tape & bobbins
1 Do. 200 packs, No. 4, 4 1-2 & 5 pins,
30 M. Best white chappel sharps assorted
100 Doz. Ivory Combs
100 Doz. Horn Combs
30 lb. best black cloth sewings
50 Do. blue do. do.
40 Do. silk twist assorted
36 Doz. mens' white & colored C. half hose
30 Womens' white cotton do.

The above goods were purchased in England, to particular order, by a person of experience, and came out at prime cost. They are now offered for sale on accommodating terms, at the Philadelphia *ps.* prices, with the addition of transportation only.

W. H. Has also a large and well assorted stock this retail store, S. E. corner of Market and Fourth-streets.

Pittsburgh, June 27.——2awtf

NEW BOOK-STORE

William Eichbaum, Junior,

BOOK-SELLER AND STATIONER,

SECOND, BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS,

HAS opened a *Wholesale and Retail* BOOK-STORE, and intends to keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Books and Stationary

in the various branches of the business.

W. E. Having a Bindery attached to his establishment, will be enabled to bind and rule blank books of every description, to any size or pattern with neatness and despatch.

All orders punctually attended to.

☞ Rags will be bought or taken in exchange for books at the usual prices.

Pittsburgh, July 11, 1817. 2tf

Wanted Immediately.

TWO or three coopers to make salt barrels at the Connemaugh salt works.—Good wages and constant employ will be given to steady workmen.—Inquire of

C. LATSHAW.

Pittsburgh, August 12, 1817.——6

Brandywine Powder.

The subscriber has just received a large consignment of

F. F F. FFF. Brandywine POWDER.

from the manufacturer, which will be sold by the quantity on accommodating terms.

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsbg. July 25th, 1817.——1awtf

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1817.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

Miscellaneous.

THE RESUSCITATION:

FROM THE GERMAN.

THE sensations which a participation in acts of benevolence affords the human heart is of a nature extremely grateful—more especially when it is proved that those efforts have been answered. . . . . Professor Junker well known to possess no mean abilities in the Galen school, is an instance among others, of the happiness derived from being engaged in the works of mercy. A relation of the means pursued in snatching from perdition a fellow creature, & the consequent preservation of a valuable member of society, was communicated in substance, by the Professor to a foreigner of distinction, who having obtained permission, gives it to the world.

Being Professor of anatomy, he once procured for dissection, the bodies of two criminals, who had been hanged. The key of the dissecting room, not being immediately at hand when they were carried home to him, he ordered them to be laid down in a closet which opened in his own apartment; the evening came, and Junker, according to custom, proceeded to resume his literary labors, before he retired to rest. It was now near midnight, and all his family were asleep, when he heard a rumbling noise in his closet, thinking that by some mistake the cat had been shut up with the dead bodies, he rose and taking the candle, went to see what had happened. But what must have been his astonishment, or rather his panic, on perceiving the sack, which contained the two bodies, was rent in the middle, he approached, and found one of them was gone. The doors and windows were well secured, and he thought it impossible the bodies could be stolen; he tremblingly looked round the closet, and observed the dead man seated in the corner. Junker stood for a moment, motionless; the dead man seemed to look towards him; he moved both to the right and left, but the dead man still kept his eyes on him. The Professor then retired step by step, with his eyes still fixed on the object of his alarm; and holding the candle in his hand until he reached the door, the dead man instantly started up and followed him. A figure of so hideous an appearance, naked and in motion, the lateness of the hour, the deep silence which prevailed, every thing concurred to overwhelm him with confusion. He let fall the only candle which he had burning and all was darkness, he made his escape to his bed chamber, and threw himself on the bed; thither however, he was pursued, and he soon felt the dead man embracing his legs, and loudly sobbing.—Repeated cries of "leave me leave me!" released Junker from the grasp of the dead man, who now exclaimed "Ah! good executioner! good executioner! have mercy upon me." Junker soon perceived the cause of what had happened, and resumed his fortitude. He informed the reanimated sufferer, who he really was, and made a motion in order to call up some of the family, "you wish them to destroy me," exclaimed the criminal, "if you call any one, my adventure will become public, and I shall be taken a second time and executed, in the name of humanity, I implore you to save my life." The physician struck a light, covered his guest with an old night-gown, and having made him take a cordial requested to know what had brought him to the gibbet? The poor wretch informed him, that he had enlisted for a soldier, but that having no great attachment to the profession, he had determined to desert: that he had unfortunately entrusted his secret to a kind of crimp, a fellow of no principle, who recommended him to a woman, in whose house he was to remain concealed; that this woman had discovered his retreat to the officer of police, &c. &c. Junker was extremely perplexed how to save the poor man; it was impossible to retain him in his own house and keep the affair a secret, and to turn him out of doors, was to expose him to certain destruction, he resolved to conduct him out of the city, in order that he might get into a foreign jurisdiction, but it was necessary to pass the gates of the city, which were strictly guarded; to accomplish this point he dressed the man in some of his old clothes, covered him with a cloak, and at an early hour set out for the country with his protege behind him. On arriving at the city gate where he was well known, he said in a hurrying tone that he was sent to visit a sick person who was dying in the suburbs. He was permitted to pass. Having both got into the open fields, the deserter threw himself at the feet of his deliverer, to whom he vowed eternal gratitude, and after receiving some pecuniary assistance, departed, offering up prayers for his happiness. Twelve years after, Junker having occasion to go to Amsterdam, was accosted on the exchange by a man well drest and of the best appearance, who he had been informed was one of the most respectable merchants in that city. The merchant, in a polite tone, enquired whether he was Professor Junker of Hull, and on being answered in the affirmative, he requested in an earnest manner, his company to dinner, the professor consented. Having reached the merchant's house, he was shewn into an elegant apartment, where he found a beautiful wife and two fine healthy children, but he could scarcely suppress his astonishment at meeting with so cordial a reception from a family with whom he thought he was entirely unacquainted. After dinner the merchant taking him into his counting room, said, you do not recollect me——not at all——but I well recollect you, and never will your features be erased from my memory. You are my benefactor. I am the person who came to life in your closet, and to whom you paid so much attention. On parting from you I took the road to Holland. I wrote a good hand, and was tolerably expert at accounts, and I soon obtained employment as a clerk. My good conduct and zeal for the interest of my patron, procured me his confidence and his daughter's love. On his retiring from business, I succeeded him, and became his son-in-law. But for you, however, I should not have lived to experience these enjoyments. Henceforth look upon my house, my fortune, and myself at your disposal. Those who possess the smallest portion of sensibility, can easily represent to themselves the feelings of Junker.

From a London paper.

Mary Frith, *alias Moll Cutpurse* was born in London, 1589. Her early propensities formed a striking index of her future habits; for female attire, and the needle & thimble, were as irksome to her, as running jumping, cudgel-playing and fighting, were consonant to her desires. When she arrived at a state of womanhood, she took to wearing man's apparel, which she continued to do till the day of her death, which happened at the age of 74; and though she died single and childless she would never turn her back on a man in any situation or a bumper of good French or Hollands.—It was the custom in those days for ladies and gentlemen to wear their purses hung to a girdle, and Moll was famous for attending places of public resort to cut them off for which she obtained the name of *Cutpurse;* & to her dexterity in this art, we owe the invention of ladies pockets & those used by gentlemen in their small-clothes. She likewise practised on the highway with much repute, till having robbed Gen. Fairfax on Hounslow Heath, for which she was condemned to die but purchased her life and liberty by paying the General 200 guineas: she resolved to quit the occupation and commence broker to the London thieves which business she followed until the day of her death; & thus set a pattern for Jonathan Wyld. She was the first English woman that ever smoked tobacco; and when she found that death had ordered her to lay aside her pipe and pot she bequeathed the greater part of her property to her nephew, with an order that he would not lay it out *foolishly,* but get drunk with it whilst it lasted. She likewise desired to be buried with her *breech upwards,* which was complied with; and a small monument was raised to her memory in St. Bridget church-yard, and the great Milton wrote the following epitaph, which was engraven thereon, but the whole was destroyed by the great fire in 1666:—

"Here lies, under this same marble,
Dust for Time's last sieve to garble,
Dust to perplex a Sadducee,
Whether it rise a he or she;
Or two in one a single pair,
Nature's sport, and now her care:
For how she'll clothe it at last day,
Unless she sighs it all away;
Or where she'll place it none can tell—
Some middle place 'twixt Heaven and Hell:
And well 'tis purgatory's found,
Else she must hide her under ground,
These reliques to deserve the doom
Of that cheat Mahomet's fine tomb;
For no communion she had,
Nor sorted with the good or bad;
That when the world shall be calcined,
And the mix'd mass of human kind
Shall sep'rate by that melting fire,
She'll stand alone and none come nigh her.
Reader, here she lies till then,
When truly you'll see her again."

AN ECLIPSE HISSED.

The following national trait is recorded in a note to the novel of Corinna: "It having been announced at Bologna, that an eclipse of the sun would take place at two o'clock in the day, the people collected in the market-place to behold it, and, impatient at its delay, called for it with petulance, as they would for an actor who made them wait. At length it began; but the cloudy weather preventing it from producing a grand effect, they began to hiss with great tumult, not finding the show equal to their expectation."

From the New York Herald.

Law Intelligence.—At the court of General Sessions of the peace, came on yesterday the trial of *The People,* vs. *Francis Mezzari,* for a libel upon Aaron Palmer, a respectable lawyer, in holding up to public ridicule, by a painting purporting to be a portrait of Mr. Palmer, with a pair of asses ears, which he exhibited for sale at an auction. The facts which came out in evidence were the following in substance.

Mr. Palmer sat to the defendant, who is an Italian and a painter by profession, for his portrait; who, when it was finished, sent it for exhibition to the academy of arts, without Mr. Palmer's consent or knowledge. Mr. Palmer and his friends were much displeased, for they considered it at best but a caricature, and Mr. P. meeting Mezzari soon afterwards, in a mild way, told him of his and his friends disappointment with regard to the picture, and of his disapprobation of what he had done; but at the same time, added, that he did not wish M. to lose his labor, and asked him the price with a view to pay him for it, which he offered to do then; he was told sixty-five dollars, but Mr. Mezzari said he would not receive any thing from a man who had insulted him by decrying his skill; if, therefore, Mr. P. would only give him a writing relinquishing all claim to the picture he had no more to ask. Mr. P. did so accordingly, and M. departed; but soon afterwards sent to demand the price, which Mr. P. then refused to pay. On which M. brought a suit for the money, but on a trial of the case, Mr. P. set up a want of consideration, and insisted that the picture was deficient in resemblance. The jury being of the same opinion, gave a verdict for the defendant. An execution issued for the costs; and the picture was given to the sheriff and receipted for to be forthcoming at a future day when it was to be sold at public auction to satisfy the execution. In the mean time, Mezzari had painted a pair of asses ears, which he affixed to the head. Mr. P. accidentally hearing of the circumstance sent a friend to the auction to buy it in, and who bid $30, but M's agent bidding $40, it was struck off to him. He then exhibited it himself, and took much pains to call the attention of people to it. Mr. P finding that it was made such an improper use of, complained of the injury to the grand jury, who found an indictment against Mezzari for a libel, and yesterday the cause was tried. The defendant being a foreigner, a jury, consisting one half of Americans and the other half of foreigners, were impannelled, to decide between the parties. The cause began at about 11, A. M. and lasted till the evening, before it was committed to the jury; who, it seems, were together all night, being unable to agree upon a verdict till this morning; when they brought in the defendant GUILTY. We have not heard the sentence of the court.

This being the first trial for a libel of this kind in our courts, we have been the more particular in stating facts.

The trade of the United States, is so much embarrassed for want of employment, at the present period, that we think a Commercial Mission to Turkey, for purpose of opening a communication to the Levant & the Black Sea, would well deserve the attention of the President and Senate at the next session of Congress. We have reason to believe that a resident minister from the United States would be singularly agreeable to the Porte; and the new channels of commerce thus opened to American enterprise and activity, would afford them at least an equal profit with the ships of any other nation on the globe.

Bos. Ev. Intel.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER.

"*New Orleans, July* 19, 1817.

"The Mexican private armed schooner Hotspur, commanded by Lieut. Rapp, of the United States' navy, and owned in this city, has returned from a cruise in the gulph of Mexico.

The Hotspur had a very severe engagement near the Havanna, with the Cassidore, Spanish government brig (late the Chasseur of Baltimore) and was beaten off with the loss of twenty five men killed, and all her standing and running rigging shot away.

The Hotspur came to an anchor at the Balize, where she landed 16 of the wounded officers and men, who were in a dreadful state. She will have to proceed to Galvestown to refit, the Spanish consul here having determined to seize her."

FOR SALE

BY

Armstrong & Ewing,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE GROCERY STORE,

Wood street, between First and Second.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson & Hyson Skin } Teas of the first quality & latest importations.

First & Second quality Green Coffee,
Loaf, lump, and brown Sugar.
Chocolate,
Spanish Indigo.
Madder, Copperas, Alum,
Race & ground Ginger,
Pepper, Alspice.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon.
Box Raisins, best muscatel.

Keg do. Brimstone.
Spanish Cigars,
Kentucky Tobacco.
Figs in Drums.
Best Salad Oil.
Fresh Lemons.
Soft shell'd Almonds.
Mustard, Starch,
Sugar Candy, Rice, &

L. p. Madeira, do. Teneriffe, Sherry, & Port } Wines of first quality.

Cog. Brandy, 4th proof.
Jamaica Spirits, do.
Holland Gin,
Whiskey.

With a general assortment of articles in the above line, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for cash or approved acceptances.

A fair price given for all kinds of Peltry.

Pittsburgh, June 20, 1817.

For Sale.

THE privilege of a DUCK POND at the corner of Market and Fifth streets.

For terms apply to the

PUBLIC.

Pittsbg. Aug. 29

87 1-2 CENTS

PER BUSHEL FOR OLD WHEAT, AND

75 CENTS, CASH,

PER BUSHEL FOR NEW WHEAT

GIVEN AT THE PITTSBURGH STEAM-MILL.

HATTERS FUR.

G. T. Beyer & Co.

Wood, Between Third and Fourth streets

Have just received an invoice of *HATTERS' FUR,*

Among which are the following—

Grey carroted and best Grey, raw Coney wool,

Ditto Black, Blue and White best Russia Hare's Fur.

Which they offer for sale, either for cash or approved country paper, on the most liberal terms.

Pittsbg. August 29, 1817.

SNUFF and SEGARS.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

(Agent for Gavin Hamilton, of Philadelphia)

HAS JUST RECEIVED A SUPPLY OF

EXCELLENT SNUFF

AND

SUPERIOR SPANISH SEGARS,

Which he offers for sale, at the Philadelphia wholesale and retail prices—(with the addition of carriage expences,) viz.

Rappee Snuff, No. 1, Plain,
Do. 2, Scented,
Do. 3. French,
Do. 4, Natchitoches,
Do. 5, Strasburgh,
Do. 6, Hardham,
Maccouba Snuff, in canisters,
Do. do. bottles.

Spanish Segars, No. 1 & 2,

Of Superior quality, in whole, half, and quarter boxes.

JOHN G. O'BRIEN.

Wood, between Front and Second streets

Pittsburgh, Aug. 19.——cow6

S. & J. Thompson

MERCHANT TAYLORS,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large assortment of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES of every description—and being bought on the best terms they will be enabled to sell very low.

They have also the newest fashions, and will continue to supply customers at a short notice with all articles in their line.

Pittsb. Aug. 8, 1817.

N. B. They always keep a large assortment of MADE UP CLOATHING at their establishment.

Portrait Painting.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Pittsburgh, that intending to remain in this place a short time, he has taken a room in the Brick building of Mr. Irwin corner of the Diamond, where he will execute portrait painting in a style of superior elegance.

Having studied under one of the first artists in New York, and been in the practice of the profession a long time, he feels confident of being enabled to give the most ample satisfaction.

Orders for Plain and ornamental sign painting, Military Standards, Mess Carpets &c. will be attended to and executed by a person under the immediate direction and superintendance of the subscriber

E. G. NELSON.

Pittsburgh, May 2, 1817.——6m

WANTS A SITUATION,

In some respectable mercantile stand

A YOUNG MAN, from the city of Baltimore Enquire of Mr. CHARLES AVERY or LAMBDEN.

Aug. 19

PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1817.

The Baltimore Deluge—The Editor of the *Weekly Register* has taken the trouble to ascertain the depth of water in many of the streets of Baltimore during the late freshet. We find by his detailed statement, that, in one of the streets, the water was nearly *twelve feet* above the side pavements, and thirteen above the gutters.

A publication in the Charleston, (S. C.) City Gazette, by the authority of the Common Council, August 11th, announces the presence of a *contagious fever* in that city, which proves most fatal to strangers—and with a degree of liberality, which reflects the highest honor on that corporation, have appropriated the sum of $3000 for the relief of the necessitous and afflicted.

We extract from the "Wilkesbarre Gleaner" of the 15th ult. the following reply to an article which appeared in a late number of the Gazette.

You ask who were the most rancorous and deadly enemies of federalism a few years ago. You answer, *old school democrats.*

It is true they were enemies of the federalists, *but who* were their friends at that time? Not the new school democrats surely, for as the old school democrats form but a small portion of the population of the state, they alone could never have turned the federal administration out of office; consequently if this be any reason against the former at this day, it applies with greater force against the latter, as the more efficient body. But suppose they and the federalists *were* then deadly enemies, is it a part of the Christian doctrine that they must, at all hazards and all events, remain forever enemies? This is what the *friends of Mr. Findlay* are desirous of effecting—why? that they may continue in office and power in perpetuum, and if they should be as successful with the great body of the federalists, as they seem to have been with you their reign will be eternal. Let us however inquire whether the interests of the state require that they *alone* should govern us? if so, then you are right, and the rest of us are wrong; otherwise the converse of the proposition will be true. Now sir, for my own part, I do not think it consistent with the interests of the state that any party, however respectable, should continue in power beyond a certain period, because if they do "they feel power and forget right;" they forget that they are the *servants*, and too often become the masters, of the people. All history, both ancient and modern, proves this to every intelligent mind; therefore it will appear to every sound politician, not a partizan, to be necessary to the preservation of a republican institution, that power change hands at a convenient period, say ten or fifteen years. Strange, Mr. Editor, as it may appear to you, yet it is true, that tho' the writer is, and always was a Federalist, and in despite of all the odium attached to the name, intends to remain one, and in pure principle, yet he has no hesitation in avowing, as his opinion, that it was consistent with the interests of this state and the union, that the federalists were removed from office, under the mad reign of John Adams, who, with all his talents, certainly behaved more like a maniac than a man of sober reflection. Such was my opinion then, and such it has remained ever since; and I can assert, with the truth of a man of honor, that although I did not desert my party, I never gave a vote during the administration of John Adams. Such being my opinion respecting those days, it is much stronger against the acts and doings of the present times, especially in Pennsylvania, when I see (and every man who is not wilfully blind must see) the officers of government, and all their dependents and expectants; the county officers, and all their train of tools and lick spittles, combined with the members of assembly and their friends, calling to the printers, and holding out indirect, if not direct, hopes of promotion for their assistance, and all this for the purpose of preserving their power, I cannot but fear there is some danger to be apprehended; but when I cast my eye on their actions, and see the caucusing away one of the most important rights of selecting a chief magistrate, I should be more stupid and brutal than many of those very representatives, if I were not convinced of our errors and the danger of the republic. The public good and individual interest being my guide, it matters not whom I join, or who joins with me, to remove radical evils, or to avoid threatened danger. I never liked the wrath of Achilles nor the free spirit of Zanga. I will do my duty, if it please God, to the public weal, and in doing so, according to my view of the subject, I must vote against the present men in power—at the same time censure no man for doing the contrary, nor impute to him improper motives, which perhaps are as foreign to him as to myself. The beauty of republicanism consists in the free and unbiassed exercise of opinion, and the elective franchise, which, if we cannot exercise without injury to ourselves, is not pure and unadulterated; therefore every member of the community has the same right to think and act for himself as I have, and I the same right as others—*this is* pure republicanism according to my creed; but I cannot understand that pretended republicanism, which exclaims Tory, Tory, Federalist, &c. &c. because an independent citizen chooses to think differently from the people in office—to my view it is *Aristocracy, Tyranny and Treason* against the rights and privileges of a free and Independent people. Yet I would not even put these mistaken people beyond the BAN of their birthright but leave them to enjoy their opinions with the same freedom that I *will* enjoy my own; endeavoring, however, by all lawful ways and means to counteract their effect and operation. Now, Mr. Editor, permit me to call upon you to *re-consider* the grounds of your opposition to Mr. Heister; are they not simply because the old school people were the enemies or opponents of federalism? Because they and the new school democrats united to put federalism in the back ground, and turned her officers out of office; and because they were in 1805 in favor of an alteration of the constitution? These are the ostensible, and I hope, the real reasons of your opposition; and if so, I flatter myself with being able to refute every ground you have taken, even to your own conviction. If they did oppose the federalists and put them out of office, they did so not by force or insurrection, but by the exercise of the elective franchise, by a plurality of votes; what wrong did they do in this? did not *even* the federalists do the same? Aye, but they abused the federal candidate, James Ross: was there no abuse bestowed on Mr. M'Kean? You have perhaps forgotten that he was represented as a drunkard, a madman fighting his own shadow in a glass? In short, Mr. Editor, both parties disgraced themselves in the abuse bestowed on each other's candidate. But the democrats succeeded, for which you, for one it seems, cannot forgive them. Remember, however, Mr. Editor, that it was not the *old school party*, and therefore they stand equal in turpitude—why then do you wish to perpetuate the ill-gotten power of the larger portion, to the evident danger of all other parties and to the republic itself? Do you not see that if Mr. Findlay should succeed, (which he will not) that the power of his party will become so great and firmly seated, that nothing but absolute force and violence could remove or restrain it? And do you not see that in that event the right of nominating a governor and president is gone from the people, and seized and established forever in the Congress and Legislature? What was precedent yesterday becomes common law to-day. They will have entered the outworks of the people's rights, how long will it take them think ye, Mr. Edidor, to take the citadel? Not so long as the Greeks were in taking Troy—seven years would be the utmost limit I would assign for the *usurpation of the right to nominate and the right to elect our chief magistrate.*

John Sergeant, Esq. agent for the Bank of the United States, arrived in Philadelphia, on the 21st inst. from London.

It is added among other things, (says the Boston Daily Advertiser.) that Mr. Sergeant has made an arrangement with Messrs. Baring, Brothers and co. for the payment in London, at the par of Exchange of the dividends upon such portions of the capital stock of the Bank as may be held by persons residing in Europe. The Factor sailed from Liverpool, June 29.

The monstrous Serpent in the vicinity of Cape Ann Harbour seems to bear a strong resemblance to an animal which was thrown on shore and died on the island of Stronsa, one of the Orkneys, in September 1808. A particular description of that animal, accompanied by several drawings and affidavits may be found among the memoirs of the Wernerian Society for 1808, 9, 10. That animal was 55 feet in length, the circumference about 10 feet—the length of his neck 15 ft. We shall notice the description of this animal more particularly to morrow.

It is to be hoped that some vigorous effort will be made to take this animal. If an attempt is to be made, some precaution ought to be used, lest he be frightened from the coast before the proper preparations are made for arresting him. *Cent.*

Henry Gearvis,

From Washington City.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of this place, that he has taken a shop in Wood street, opposite David Stoner where he cuts hair in the most fashionable style. He has on hand Gentlemen's wigs, and Lady's eye curls and frizetts, and makes them in the shortest Notice.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 2d, 1817——3t.

Maysville Glass-Works FOR SALE.

THIS valuable property, situate in the town of Maysville (Ken.) will be sold at public sale on Thursday the 27th of November next, if not sooner disposed of by private sale.

This Establishment,

in point of situation and convenience is inferior to none west of the mountains. the Glass-house is a large brick building, upwards of fifty feet square—with thereto, viz! A large frame dwelling house and kitchen, flattening house, cutting-Coal and ware-house, ash houses, mixing house, pot room, sand cellar, &c. all in complete repair.

There are Eight valuable In-lots, containing four acres attached to the works.

Any person or persons wishing to engage in the manufacture of Window Glass, would find it most advantageous—all materials used being convenient and easy to be obtained, the payments will be made easy to the purchaser.

For further particulars enquire of the subscriber im Maysville.

WILLIAM PORTER, *Agent.*

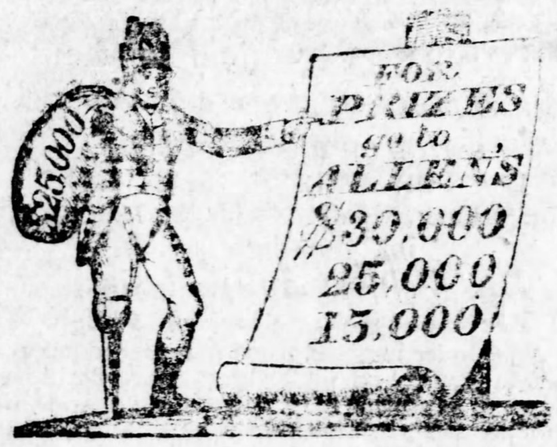
September 2, 1817.

Wants a Situation.

A person, lately arrived from England, who perfectly understands the manufacturing of Iron with stone coal, from the smelting of the ore, to the mercantile bar or sheet iron.——The advertiser is well acquainted with the general surveying of land, coal and iron ore, mines, inland canal navigation, rail and train roads &c. &. having been employed to superintend the different processes in the manufacturing of iron in England for the last 25 years, he doubts not of giving general satisfaction in any of the above branches.

Any gentleman wishing to make trial of the advertiser will please to address post paid to *W. Lewis*, Middletown iron works, near Union town, Fayette County, Penn. which will be immediately attended to.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 2d, 1817.



INTERNAL NAVIGATION LOTTERY—FOURTH CLASS

Now drawing three times each week.

22d Day's drawing.

No.	16494, (last drawn)	$700 in ticks.
	18128, 22076,	100
	20906, 27242,	50
	7594, 7705, 236889, 25582.	20.

And 87 prizes of $8 each.

Wheel has gained in 11 day's drawing, $13136.

Tickets 9 dollars, for sale at

S. & M. ALLEN's

Truly Lucky Lottery Offices

No. 2. South Third street, PHILADELPHIA.
North Queen street. Lancaster.
No. 1, Diamond Row, Pittsburgh.
No. 151 1-2, Market street, Baltimore.

Cash paid for prizes.

Tickets examined gratis.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in Birmingham, on Friday, the 29th ult. a dark brown Mare, about seven years old, 15 hands high, with a small white spot in her forehead.—The owner is desired to come, pay the necessary charges and take her away.

WILLIAM NOBLE.

Sept 2d, 1817.

THEATRE,

On Wednesday Evening,

SEPTEMBER 7 1817.

Will be presented Colemaan's (elder) celebrated Comedy of the

Jealous Wife.

To conclude with the favorite Farce of

Matrimony.

(For characters of Play & Farce, see bills.)

In preparation the Drama of the LADY OF THE LAKE, with new scenery, dresses &c.—HOW TO TRY A LOVER—&c.

*** Doors to be open at a quarter past 6, and the curtain rise at a quarter past seven o'clock.—Box one dollar—Pitt 75 cents.

The box office will be open on the days of performance, from 10 A. M. 'till 2 P. M. and from 4 till the conclusion of the performance.—Other days, from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M.

*** No admittance on any account whatever behind the scenes—Smoking is not allowed in the theatre.

Only for a few Days longer.

A. J. SHEEMANSKI,

DENTIST,

Will execute in the line of his Profession, for a few days longer in Pittsburgh.

Sept. 2, 1817.

BANK STOCK.

FOR SALE—FIVE SHARES of Farmers and Mechanic's bank stock—by

JAMES BELDEN,
No. 1, Diamond Row, Pittsbg.

Aug. 19.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS in and by an act of the general assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act to regulate the general elections within this commonwealth," it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: In Pursuance of which I, LAZARUS STEWART sheriff of the county of Allegheny, do therefore make known, and give this public notice to the electors of the said conuty of Allegheny, that a general election will be held in the said county, on the *Second Tuesday of October next* at the several election districts therein, to wit.

The electors of that part of the city of Pittsburgh, west of Wood street from the Mononga-hela river to where the said street intersects Liberty street, from thence north of Liberty and west of Washington streets, are to meet at the court house in the said city.

The electors of that part of the city of Pittsburgh east of Wood street and south of Liberty street to the city line, together with the electors of that part of Pitt township adjoining and attached thereto, beginning on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Washington street, and running up the said river to the mouth of the two mile run, thence up the said run by Roup's mill to Henry Fulton's farm house, thence a straight line to William Knox's farm house, on the Four Mile Run, (including the two last mentioned places) thence down the Four Mile Run to the Monongahela river, and thence down the said river to the city line, are also to meet at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh.

The electors of Pitt township, are to meet at the school-house in the village of Wilkinsburgh, in the said township, (being the place appointed by act of assembly of 24th March, 1817.)

The electors of Plumb township, are to meet at the house of John Little, in the said township.

The electors of Versailles township, are to meet at the house of William Shaw, in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township, are to meet at the house of John Walker, in Elizabeth Town, in the said township.

The electors of Mifflin township, are to meet at the house of William Walker, in the said township.

The electors of that part of St. Clair township, within the following bounds, to wit: Beginning on the Monongahela river, at the mouth of Street's run, thence down the said river to the mouth of Chartier's creek on the Ohio river, thence up the said creek to include John Bell's, from thence to Willet's on Street's run, (including the farms of Robert Hays and James Brison) and thence down the said run to the place of beginning, (being made a separate election district) are to meet at the house of James Patterson, (lock-smith,) Birmingham, in the said township.

The electors of the residue of St Clair township, south and west of the aforesaid division line, are to meet at the house of Thomas M'Cully in the said township.

The electors of Fayette township, are to meet at the house of John Taylor, (formerly Matthew M'Coy's) in Noblesburgh, in said township.

The electors of Robinson township, are to meet at the house of William Marks, in the said township.

The electors of Moon township, are to meet at the house of William Hooper, Sen. in the said township, (being the place appointed by act of assembly of 24th March 1817.)

The electors of Ohio township are to meet at the house of John Moore in said township.

The electors of Ross township, are to meet at the house of Samuel Allen in said township.

The electors of Pine township are to meet at the house of William Cochran in the said township.

The electors of Deer township, together with the electors residing in that part of Indiana township, between Deer township and the following line, to wit: Beginning at the Allegheny river at Alexander Logan's ferry, thence along the Butler road until it strikes the line of Deer township, are to meet at the house of Felix Negley in, Deer township.

And the electors of the residue of Indiana township, are to meet at the house of David Stewart in said township.

At which time and places the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot:

One person for GOVERNOR of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person, in conjunction with Beaver, Butler and Armstrong counties, for STATE SENATOR:

Four persons for members of the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES of the commonwealthof Pennsylvania; in conjunction with Butler county:

One person for County COMMISSIONER;

And one person for County AUDITOR.

And in and by the act of the general assembly of this state, passed the 17th day of March 1800, it is directed that the inspectors of the said general election, shall be chosen by ballot, on the Friday next preceding the first Tuesday of October, at the several election districts, and the election of such inspectors shall be held by the respective constables, who are required to give at least one week's notice of such election, assisted by two qualified citizens, chosen by such citizens qualified to vote as shall be then present, and the inspectors so chosen, are required to be at the places of their districts on the day of the general election, at nine o'clock in the morning, to do and perform the duties required of them.

And the return judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at the court-house, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the Friday next after the said second Tuesday of October next, then and there to perform those duties required by law.

Given under my hand, at Pittsburgh, this twenty fifth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and forty second year of the indepence of the United States.

L. STEWART, Sheriff.

September 2, 1817.

FOR SALE,

Cotton, by the bale,
Kentucky Bacon,
Country ditto,—prime.

Bean & Butler.

Pittsburgh, May 30, 1817.

APPROVED
Patent and Family
MEDICINES,
FOR SALE BY
J. W. SKELTON,
Pittsburgh Apothecary Hall,
Corner of Third and Wood streets
AND SKELTON AND HILL,
Market street, near the Diamond,
PITTSBURGH.

Doctor Bossy's
Celebrated Elixir of Health.

A medicine, possessing extraordinary powers in arresting the progress, and effectually curing consumption, with all its train of distressing symptoms—a disease which from its frequency, and difficulty of cure within the last three or four years, seems to threaten destruction to a great portion of our population. The author of this medicine is an aged german physician, of great celebrity and acknowledged talents, (residing in the city of London) whose wonderful success in the cure of consumption, has sounded forth his name to the utmost extent of Great Britain.

It is hoped and expected so great a blessing will not long remain untried by the inhabitants of America, whose diseased lungs, with teazing cough, loss of appetite, decay of strength, loss of flesh, pain in the chest, and depression of spirits, warns them of approaching dissolution.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

Not to try the means which Providence has placed within our reach, is little less than being our own executioners. It is therefore the duty of every afflicted mortal to seek a remedy in time.

While there is life there is hope!
To-morrow may come too late!!

Dr. Bossy's
Hysteric Drops.

A medicine, which has been for many years used with great success, both in Europe and America, speedily removing the most violent fits of Hysterics, like a charm.

Dr. Bossy's Lotion,
For burns and scalds.

Slight burns and scalds, if taken immediately will in general be cured by this Liniment. In case of a fever intervening, Epsom salts taken in small quantities, will assist the cure

When the mischief is extensive or deep, mortification may be apprehended, whether the subject be young or old; the advice therefore of a skilful physician or surgeon, should be procured without delay.

Dr. Bossy's Embrocation,
For *bruises, strains, inflammations, rheumatism, &c.*

A medicine in every respect superior to the common Steer's Opodeldoc, (so universally used) No medicine ever sold has a greater claim on the public than the one now offered; it being a useful external application for sprains, bruises, childblains, and for dispersing inflammatory tumours, rheumatism, burns scalds, &c.

Dr. Bossy's India Oil,
For the cure of cancers, wens, and all stubborn tumours, &c.

This celebrated Oil, the production of the East Indies, was first discovered by that great, and much celebrated physician of the East Indies, Foi Chi, whose great medical information, has reached the most remote parts of Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Russia, and the United States.

Thousands of empyrics and quacks, are daily offering to the world the most deadly poisons, such as Arsenic, muriate of Mercury, Licuta, &c. in the form of plaisters, Tinctures, Solutions, Pills, &c. thereby destroying the lives of hundreds and thousands of the community.

Infallible Remedy

For destroying Bugs in bedsteads, furniture &c.

This mixture will infallibly destroy them and their nits, though they swarm ever so much. It is necessary that the bed or furniture should be thoroughly wet with it, the dust being first shaken off, which will prevent the mixture staining in the least, or soiling even the richest silks, &c. Should any bugs appear after once using this mixture it will be only owing to not having well wetted the linen &c. of the bed with it. So that those parts being well wetted with the liquid, which dries as fast as it is used, and pouring in the joints and holes, where the sponge or brush cannot reach, they never fail of being all destroyed

N. B. It is necessary that the mixture should be well shaken together before it is used.

Doctor Velnos'
TURKISH GLUE or ARMENIAN CEMENT,
For mending China, glass, &c.

A discovery of first magnitude in domestic economy, Thousands of articles, many of the most useful are daily committed to the stree[t] for the want of some suitable Cement, to mend them. The one now offered has proved by experience, to answer the purpose, and will even join glass or china, so strong that it will often break in a fresh place.

Balsamic Aromatic Tincture,
Or the grand corrector of flatulence and acidity in the bowels of children.

A medicine so well calculated to relieve the bowel complaint of infant children, (as it is so emphatically called by nurses) that it needs only the trial of a single bottle, to recommend it to the attention of a family.

To alleviate the sufferings of infant children, has called forth the talents of the most eminent physicians of every age, and the want of success appears chiefly to arise from the deeply rooted prejudices of parents and nurses, which the healing art has had to contend with. In this enlightened age much has been done towards banishing ancient prejudices, and we now find children taking food and physic, on much more rational principles than formerly. It is a fact clearly ascertained, that most of the diseases incident to children, do arise from bad management, want of cleanliness, and indigestible food The medicine here recommended is known to the physicians, for correcting acidity, promoing the digestive powers, warming and invigorating the stomach, and giving immediate ease in the most excruciating pains of the bowels.

The dose to a child a month old is sixty drops —three months old, eighty drops—six months old a tea spoonfull; after which, thirty drops may be added for every year of their age.

The mixture to be well shaken, and mixed with barley water, balm or mint tea, or cold water, and repeated every sixth hour till ease is procured.

Velno's Vegetable Ointment,
For the cure of the Rheumatism

Perhaps no country in the world is so subject to Rheumatism, as the United States of America. The most learned of the medical faculty, has not before been able to produce a medicine which would with certainty cure this dreadful scourge of mankind. Thousands of victims are at this day labouring under the most excruciating pain, from different and lasting attacks of this most formidable disease.

Doctor Velnos is happy in informing the citizens of the United States of America, that after a laborious study and practice of forty years, he has at length found out a medicine, which will infallibly cure the Rheumatism in every stage; and strongly recommends to all who are so unfortunate as to be afflicted with the disease, to give this valuable medicine a trial: being composed of the most innocent vegetables, the young, the old, the aged and infirm may use it with the most perfect safety, and may rely with confidence on a perfect cure, if within the reach of medicine.

Since Doctor Velnos first discovered this very valuable vegetable Ointment, thousands have been cured; many who had not the use of their limbs for many years before.

Dr. Hartman's Worm Cakes.

This is a mild and exceeding good vermifuge, may be given at all times with the greatest safety to the youngest infant, or pregnant women. It is celebrated for an astringent, which strengthens the tone of the stomach and intestines, and hence proves useful in disorders arising from laxity of the fibres, dropsical and bilious complaints or when the bowels are obstructed with slime.

Doran's Chymical Cake,
For removing grease from silk, cotton or woollen goods.

DOCTOR BREE'S TINCTURE.
For Asthma. Coughs, Colds, and approaching Consumptions.

Dr. Velnos' Antipertesis,
For the cure of Hooping Cough.

A medicine justly entitled to universal approbation, having been used with the most flattering success, in all the hospitals and infirmaries of Europe, and recommended highly by the most eminent of the faculty; is perfectly mild in its operation, and may be given to children with the regatest safety.

July 8, 1817.

15 CARPENTERS.

WANTED, to work for the United States at the public works near Pittsburgh, if immediate application be made to

S. REMINGTON.
at the works.

*** Good wages and prompt pay.
August 15th, 1817.

Take Notice,

TAKE NOTICE that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common pleas of the county of Bedford, for the benefit of the several acts of insolvency of this commonwealth, and that they have appointed Thursday, the 4th day of September next, to hear me and my creditors, at the court-house in the borough of Bedford, of which you will please to take notice.

HENRY EDMUND.

Aug 19. ——3

Philadelphia & Pittsburgh Transporting Company.

THE subscribers to "THE PHILADELPHIA & PITTSBURGH TRANSPORTING COMPANY?" residing in Pittsburgh or the country adjacent are requested to pay into the hands of William B. Foster, *Agent* for the Company at Pittsburgh; the first instalment on their subscription to the stock of said Company, of Thirty per Cent.

BENJAMIN WARNER
Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, August 12, 1817.——3t.

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE,
100 hbls Conemaugh Salt,
116 do Whiskey,
22 N. Orleans Sugar,
25 kegs Trotter's Powder,
12 do Copperas,
2000 lbs. Logwood,
4000 do Bacon.

ARMOR & WALLACE.
Pittsburgh, June 17, 1817.

Copperas
OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY,

MANUFACTURED in Pittsburgh, can be had at all times, either by the keg or ton lowerthan it can be brought over the mountains,

BOSLER & CO.
PittsburgnJune 6, 1817 tf

Summer Ale.
FOR SALE
30 Barrels Good Summer Ale,
Suitable for bottling, enquire of,

D. S. SCULLY.
Pittsburgh April 25th 1817—S 2aw6m

CINCINNATI
Bell, Brass, & Iron Founderies
AND
Engine Manufactory.

THE subscriber having established the above works, on a complete and extensive plan, together with an

AIR FURNACE,

now in blast, tenders his services to furnish on short notice, CASTINGS of every description whatever, finished in the neatest manner, ALSO,

Steam Engines,

on the admired construction of Bolton & Watt, or any other that may be required:

Fire Engines,

on a much improved plan.

BELLS,

of any size, from the largest known in America down to the smallest in use.

SWIVELS, CANNON, and other
ORDNANCE.
(*whether Brass or Iron.*)
AND
Smith Work,

of all sorts —The whole executed in the completest manner.

Having engaged artists of the best experience, and most skilful character, in the various branches of this establishment, the subscriber can unhesitatingly pledge himself, that every article issuing therefrom, shall be warranted to the purchaser, and not inferior to any made elsewhere in the United States.

WILLIAM GREEN.

Cincinnati, (O) Aug. 12, 1817.——12t

☞ First rate workmen (but none others) will meet with liberal encouragement.

TOBACCO, CIGAR,
AND
Snuff Manufactory.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has commenced the manufacture of TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF. —Having provided experienced workmen and best leaf, he flatters himself that the articles o his manufacture, will be found equal in quality, and as cheap as any offered.

For the accommodation of country merchants and traders, he will receive in payment most articles of country produce.

All orders gratefully received and promptly executed.

DAVID GREER,
East corner of Market & Liberty streets
Pittsburgh, May 27, 1817. 1aw6m

D. & J. CHUTE,
have just received at their Wholesale and Retail
STORE,
(*in Market street*) *A good assortment of SHOES, viz.*

Gentlemens fine Shoes and Pumps,
Ladies leather Pumps
Ditto morrocco colored,
Boys and Misses Shoes.
Childrens do. do.

These, together with a large assortment previously on hand, are offered lower than usual for cash.—A few packing boxes for sale.

NOTICE

is hereby given, that on or before the 1st of October next, all accounts must be settled:—those who have not the cash when called upon, must give duebills—and where we fall in debt, we will either pay cash or give duebills from that date—settlement will be made, with every individual quarterly or biennially, as found most convenient

Pittsbg. Aug. 26 —— 1aw10c

MUSEUM
A SINGULAR COLLECTION OF
WAX STATUES.

MR. BARRINGTON, respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has a variety of

Wax Figures.

now exhibiting on board of a boat elegantly fitted up for the express purpose, at the foot of Wood street, on the Monongahela near Graham's ferry, and will continue during the present week, after which it will sail for New-Orleans.

Aug. 26.

Wanted,
A *Boy*, to attend in a Drug store.

Enquire of
Skelton & Hill,
Druggists, Market street.
Pittsbg. Aug. 5, 1817—— tf

COPARTNERSHIP.
WILLIAM S. VERNON,

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has associated MARTIN BLAKE and EDMUND HE LEWIS (formerly of Boston) with him in the COMMISSION BUSINESS, and that in future it will be conducted under the firm of

VERNON, BLAKE, & CO.

who will execute all orders with promptitude and punctuality.

☞ CASH advanced on goods consigned for sale and goods stored and forwarded on commission.

Louisville, May 31, 1817.
Falls of Ohio. 1awtf.

CASTINGS,
CUT NAILS, of all sizes,
AND A FEW
B gs Coffee,

FOR SALE BY
WILLIAM LECKY,
Wood-street.
Who has constantly on hand
BAR IRON,
OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Pitts' urgh March 14th, 1817——

*** Connelsville notes taken in payment for nails.

Mustard Seed,

I WILL give 10 dollars per bushel for good clean MUSTARD SEED.

J. W. SKELTON.
by
Pittsburgh, March 2,—tf

Machine Cards.

WE have the following MACHINE CARDS for sale—from the factory of Messrs. H. and J. Troth—Brownsville.

Workers, No 29, wire,
Doffers, 31 & 32,
Ticklers, 28,
Fancies, do,
Plain Cylenders, 24 by 5 inches, No 3 wire
Doffers, 24 by 4, 30,
Feeders, do by 6, 27.

CROMWELL & DOBBIN.
Pittsburgh, April 22—1817.——tf

Patent Trace Chain.

THE subscriber has invented and obtained a patent for cutting and bending links to make chain of different sizes.

Chain made of those links will have a superior advantage over the chain made in the common way as the iron is first drawn into a wire which makes each link of an equal thickness and more beautiful and strong than the common chain.

To the wholesale merchant they will be sold at 21 doll. per dozen. The links will likewise be sold to blacksmiths or others at 23 dolls. per hundrod pounds with the necessary complement of rings, each chain requires six pound of links.

Orders accompanied with the cash will be promptly attended to by the subscriber at his works adjoining Pittsburgh.

WILLIAM EICHBAUM
April 1, 1817.——tf

ALLEN and GRANT

HAVE FOR SALE,
30 boxes tin-plates,
10 half chests Young Hyson tea,
1 chest Imperial tea,
11 casks Sherry wine,
4 do. Port do.
2 do. Brandy,
2 do. Spirits,
1 cask Madeira wine,
1 do. Teneriffe do.

Also,—Loaf sugar—Indigo—Pepper—Madera Almonds, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 24, 1817.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers are hereby requested to call and discharge their several accounts, on or before the 15th of September next, otherwise they will, without respect to persons, be placed in the hand of an attorney for collection. And all persons having demands are requested to present them for settlement without delay, as a dissolution of the partnership will shortly take place

PENTLAND HEGINS, & STEELE.
Pittsburgh, August 21, 1817——3t

The Subscriber

Has FOR SALE a large assortment of
HOLLOW GLASS-WARE
1-2 pint and quart Tumblers plain and engraved,
ditto ditto ditto Decanters, ditto
Wine-glasses, Liquor cases, Mantle Ornaments,
Snuff-boxes, Looking-glasses in brown frames
Pocket looking-glasses, Garnets, Inkstands,
Chests,

N. W. HARMES,
Minor Street, PHILADELPHIA
Aug. 15th, 1817.

250 Dollars Reward.

ON the 8th of last May, a man calling himself ISAAC BOND, and stating his place of residence to be in Washington township, York county, signed a receipt for fourteen packages Goods loaded in his waggon at Philadelphia to be delivered at Pittsburgh in twenty-three days since then no information has been received of said Isaac Bond, who in all probability absconded with the property placed in his care.

The Goods consisted of

4 boxes and 1 trunk Dry Goods, 1 tierce Hardware and 2 nests of Spades, all marked R. Woods, Nashville, Ten.
2 boxes Dry Goods, marked C. & M. Lyon
1 box Dry Goods, marked W. Gordon & Co. Smithfland, Kentucky
2 trunks Dry Goods, marked James D. Coutch Marplesborough, Kentucky
1 trunk Dry Goods, marked R.burn & Wood Pleasant Plains, Ky

The above reward of $250 will be paid by the subscribers for the apprehension of said Bond and recovery of the goods.

CROMWELL & DOBBIN